



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

### SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : 23914 - COLLE EN SPRAY

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Repositionable adhesive spray.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : GRAVOTECH MARKING SAS.  
Address : 56, avenue Jean Jaurès.10600.La Chapelle Saint Luc.France.  
Telephone : +33 (0)3 25 41 65 65. Fax : +33 (0)3 25 79 04 25.  
e-mail : info@gravograph.fr  
http://www.gravograph.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA <http://www.centres-antipoison.net>.

#### Other emergency numbers

National Poisons Information Service of England: <http://npis.org> - NHS 111: dial 111 - National Poisons Information Centre of Ireland: 353 (1) 809 2166 - LUXEMBOURG : (+352) 8002 5500 - European Emergency Number Association (EENA) : 112

### SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).  
Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).  
Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Chronic 2, H411).  
The propellant gas is not taken into account when determining the health and environmental classification of the mixture.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

##### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS09



GHS02



GHS07

Signal Word :

DANGER

Product identifiers :

606-001-00-8

ACETONE

EC 931-254-9

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, <5% N-HEXANE

EC 927-510-4

HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS

601-006-00-1

PENTANE

601-085-00-2

ISOPENTANE

Hazard statements :

H222

Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.  
 H315 Causes skin irritation.  
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statements - General :

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

## Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

## Precautionary statements - Response :

P391 Collect spillage.

## Precautionary statements - Storage :

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

## Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents/container at a disposal facility in accordance with local regulations.



## 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC)  $\geq 0.1\%$  published by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: <http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table>

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances  $\geq 0.1\%$  with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

## SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2. Mixtures



## Composition :

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 606-001-00-8 CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2 REACH: 01-2119471330-49  ACETONE	GHS02, GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH:066	[1]	25 $\leq$ x % < 50
INDEX: 601-004-00-0 CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 REACH: 01-2119474691-32  BUTANE	GHS02, GHS04 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220	C [1] [7]	10 $\leq$ x % < 25
INDEX: 601-003-00-5 CAS: 74-98-6 EC: 200-827-9 REACH: 01-2119486944-21  PROPANE	GHS02, GHS04 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220	[1] [7]	10 $\leq$ x % < 25
EC: 931-254-9 REACH: 01-2119484651-34  HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, <5% N-HEXANE	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		10 $\leq$ x % < 25
EC: 927-510-4 REACH: 01-2119475515-33  HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		10 $\leq$ x % < 25

INDEX: 601-004-00-0 CAS: 75-28-5 EC: 200-857-2 REACH: 01-2119474691-32  ISOBUTANE	GHS02, GHS04 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220	C [1] [7]	2.5 <= x % < 10
INDEX: 601-006-00-1 CAS: 109-66-0 EC: 203-692-4 REACH: 01-2119475602-38  PENTANE	GHS02, GHS08, GHS07, GHS09 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH:066	C [1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
INDEX: 601-085-00-2 CAS: 78-78-4 EC: 201-142-8  ISOPENTANE	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH:066	[1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
INDEX: 601-037-00-0 CAS: 110-54-3 EC: 203-777-6 REACH: 01-2119480412-44  N-HEXANE	GHS02, GHS08, GHS07, GHS09 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Repr. 2, H361f Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT RE 2, H373 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]	0.1 <= x % < 1
INDEX: 601-017-00-1 CAS: 110-82-7 EC: 203-806-2 REACH: 01-2119463273-41  CYCLOHEXANE	GHS02, GHS08, GHS07, GHS09 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1	[1]	0.1 <= x % < 1

**Information on ingredients :**

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

[2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

[7] Propellant gas

**SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

**4.1. description of first aid measures****In the event of exposure by inhalation :**

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

**In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :**

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.



**In the event of splashes or contact with skin :**

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

**In the event of swallowing :**

Do not give the patient anything orally.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

No data available.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Exposure may cause myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic medication without an absolute necessity.

## SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

**5.1. Extinguishing media**

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.



**Suitable methods of extinction**

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist

- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive

- halon

- foam

- multipurpose ABC powder

- BC powder

- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

**Unsuitable methods of extinction**

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

**5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

**For non first aid worker**

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilled, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

**For first aid worker**

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

## SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

#### Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

#### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union (2022/431, 2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
67-64-1	1210	500	-	-	-
109-66-0	3000	1000	-	-	-
78-78-4	3000	1000	-	-	-
110-54-3	72	20	-	-	-

110-82-7	700	200	-	-	-
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- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	500 ppm	750 ppm		A4; BEI	
106-97-8	1000 ppm				
74-98-6	1000 ppm				
75-28-5	1000 ppm				
109-66-0	600 ppm				
78-78-4	600 ppm				
110-54-3	50 ppm			Skin; BEI	
110-82-7	100 ppm				

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
67-64-1		500 ppm 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		2(I)
106-97-8		1000 ppm 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		4(II)
74-98-6		1000 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		4(II)
75-28-5		1000 ppm 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		4(II)
109-66-0		1000 ppm 3000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		2(II)
78-78-4		1000 ppm 3000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		2(II)
110-54-3		50 ppm 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		8(II)
110-82-7		200 ppm 700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		4(II)

- Australia (NOHSC: 3008, 1995) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	500 ppm 1185 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1000 ppm 2375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		A	
106-97-8	800 ppm 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			H	
109-66-0	600 ppm 1770 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	750 ppm 2210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		H	
110-54-3	20 ppm 72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
110-82-7	100 ppm 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 ppm 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

- Austria (BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	500 ppm 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2000 ppm 4800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
106-97-8	800 ppm 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1600 ppm 3800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
74-98-6	1000 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2000 ppm 3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
75-28-5	800 ppm 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1600 ppm 3800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
109-66-0	600 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1200 ppm 3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
78-78-4	600 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1200 ppm 3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
110-54-3	20 ppm 72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	80 ppm 288 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
110-82-7	200 ppm 700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	800 ppm 2800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

- Belgium (Royal decree of 11/05/2021) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	246 ppm 594 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	492 ppm 1187 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
106-97-8		980 ppm			

		2370 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
74-98-6	1000 ppm				
75-28-5		980 ppm 2370 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
109-66-0	600 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	750 ppm 2250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
78-78-4	600 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	750 ppm 2250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
110-54-3	20 ppm 72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
110-82-7	100 ppm 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

- France (INRS - Outils 65 / 2021-1849, 2021-1763, decree of 09/12/2021) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m <sup>3</sup> :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m <sup>3</sup> :	Notes :	TMP No :
67-64-1	500	1210	1000	2420	-	84
106-97-8	800	1900	-	-	-	-
109-66-0	1000	3000	-	-	-	84
78-78-4	1000	3000	-	-	-	84
110-54-3	20	72	-	-	R3	59. 84
110-82-7	200	700	-	-	-	84

- Switzerland (Suva 2021) :

CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations
67-64-1	500 ppm 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1000 ppm 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
106-97-8	800 ppm 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3200 ppm 7600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
74-98-6	1000 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4000 ppm 7200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
75-28-5	800 ppm 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3200 ppm 7600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
109-66-0	600 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1200 ppm 3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
78-78-4	600 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1200 ppm 3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
110-54-3	50 ppm 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	400 ppm 1440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
110-82-7	200 ppm 700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	800 ppm 2800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	500 ppm 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1500 ppm 3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
106-97-8	600 ppm 1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	750 ppm 1810 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Carc	
109-66-0	600 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
78-78-4	600 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
110-54-3	20 ppm 72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
110-82-7	100 ppm 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 ppm 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

- USA / OSHA PEL (Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Permissible Exposure Limits) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	1000 ppm 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
74-98-6	1000 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
109-66-0	1000 ppm 2950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
78-78-4	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-
110-54-3	500 ppm 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
110-82-7	300 ppm				

1050 mg/m3

**8.2. Exposure controls****Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

**- Eye / face protection**

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

**- Hand protection**

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)
- laminated polymer

**- Body protection**

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

**- Respiratory protection**

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149/A1.

Category :

- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P1 (White)

**SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES****9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Physical state**

Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
	Spray.

**Colour**

Colour:	Colourless.
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**Odour**

Odour threshold :	Not stated.
Odour:	Sweet.

**Freezing point**

Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.
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**Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range**

Boiling point/boiling range :	Not relevant.
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**Flammability**

Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.
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**Lower and upper explosion limit**

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.

**Flash point**

Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
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**Auto-ignition temperature**

Self-ignition temperature :	Not relevant.
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**Decomposition temperature**

Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not relevant.
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**pH**

pH (aqueous solution) :	Not stated.
pH :	Not relevant.

**Kinematic viscosity**

Viscosity :	Not stated.
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**Solubility**

Water solubility :	Insoluble.
Fat solubility :	Not stated.

**Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.
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**Vapour pressure**

Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
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**Density and/or relative density**

Density :	0.71
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**Relative vapour density**

Vapour density :	Not stated.
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**9.2. Other information**

% VOC :	90
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**9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

No data available.

**Aerosols**

Chemical combustion heat :	>= 30 kJ/g.
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**9.2.2. Other safety characteristics**

No data available.

**SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****10.1. Reactivity**

No data available.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- heating
- heat

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION



#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

##### 11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

##### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.



#### 11.2. Information on other hazards



### SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

##### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

##### 12.2.1. Substances

HYDROCARBONS, C6, ISOALKANES, <5% N-HEXANE

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.



#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.



#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.



#### German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 2 : Hazardous for water.

### SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.



#### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

#### Codes of wastes (Decision 2014/955/EC, Directive 2008/98/EEC on hazardous waste) :

08 04 09 \* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

15 01 04 metallic packaging

16 05 04 \* gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

## SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2020 [40-20] - ICAO/IATA 2023 [64]).

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

1950

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



2.1

#### 14.4. Packing group

-

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation	
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D. S-U	63 190 277 327 344 381 959	E0	- SW1 SW22	SG69	
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167 A802	E0	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167 A802	E0	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(hydrocarbons, c6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane)

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.


 **SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture** **Classification and labelling information included in section 2:**

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

 **Container information:**

No data available.

 **Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):**

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):


<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>.

 **Explosives precursors :**

The mixture contains at least one substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors:

- Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

The acquisition, introduction, possession or use of this restricted explosive precursor by members of the general public is subject to the reporting obligations.

 **Particular provisions :**

No data available.

 **German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :**

WGK 2 : Hazardous for water.

 **Swiss ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds :**

67-64-1	acétone
78-78-4	2-méthylbutane (isopentane)
110-54-3	hexane
110-82-7	cyclohexane
109-66-0	pentane
75-28-5	2-méthylpropane (alcool isobutylique, isobutane)
106-97-8	n-butane
74-98-6	propane

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No data available.

**SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

**Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :**

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

 **Abbreviations and acronyms :**

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.